

# 2018-2019 学年第二学期期中考试

## 高一英语

本卷分为第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）： 满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟

### 第 I 卷（选择题 共 105 分）

#### 第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

**第一节** 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman want to do?  
A. Plant trees.                      B. Buy a farm.                      C. Grow flowers.
2. What is the relationship between the speakers?  
A. Classmates.                      B. Teacher and student.                      C. Workmates.
3. Why is the woman going to Germany?  
A. To study there.                      B. To attend a meeting.                      C. To look after her son.
4. What are the speakers talking about?  
A. A fire.                      B. A yard.                      C. A tree.
5. What did the woman do yesterday?  
A. She worked out.                      B. She watched a match.                      C. She played basketball.

**第二节** 听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. How did the woman travel?  
A. By ship.                      B. By car.                      C. By train.
7. What does the woman want to drink?  
A. Tea.                      B. Coffee.                      C. Water.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 9 题。

8. When does the party start probably?  
A. At 10:00 a.m.                      B. At 2:00 p.m.                      C. At 7:00 p.m.
9. What does the man offer to do for the woman?  
A. Lend her a bicycle.                      B. Carry the boxes upstairs.                      C. Prepare food for the party.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What does the woman think of the first tree?  
A. Very expensive.                      B. Too tall.                      C. A bit short.
11. Where will the woman put the tree?  
A. In front of the window.                      B. In front of the dining table.                      C. In front of the house.
12. How much should the woman pay?  
A. \$13.                      B. \$20.                      C. \$23.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. At home.                      B. In an office.                      C. On the phone.
14. Which bus will the man take tomorrow morning?  
A. The 5:40 one.                      B. The 6:00 one.                      C. The 7:00 one.
15. What kind of ticket does the man want?  
A. A round-trip ticket.                      B. A one-way ticket.                      C. A window seat ticket.
16. What is the man going to do tomorrow night?  
A. Watch a play.                      B. Meet Mr. Cock.                      C. See off his wife.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. When did Belfast develop most quickly?

- A. During the 17th century.      B. During the 18th century.      C. During the 19th century.

18. What is Belfast famous for?

- A. Shipbuilding.      B. Movies.      C. Tourism.

19. What will the tourists visit tomorrow morning?

- A. A museum.      B. A zoo.      C. A garden.

20. How long will the tour last?

- A. 10 days.      B. 4 days.      C. 2 days.

## 第二部分：阅读理解（共三节，满分 45 分）

### 第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

请认真阅读下列短文，从短文后各题所给的 ABCD 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

#### A

“Angie, I know you like to sing,” her father, a worker, told Angela Brown, “but you must have something to count on.”

Brown took her father’s advice. She got a degree in secretarial science before entering Oakwood College, in Huntsville, Alabama. However, her aim was to become a singer at religious meetings. So after graduation she headed for Indiana University to study with the famous soprano (女高音歌手) Virginia Zeani.

Once, when Brown was troubled by self-doubt, Zeani said to her, “If you want to be the next Aretha Franklin, you need no more lessons,” Brown remembers her saying. “But if you want to be the best Verdian soprano this world has ever seen, you must work.”

Work she did. Three times she competed in the Metropolitan Opera National Council Auditions (试演). Three times she failed to make the final round in New York. Then, in 1997 at age 33, the age limit for sopranos to audition, she gave it one more try. She signed up at the last minute and didn’t even practice, thinking, “All they could do was to tell me no, and that didn’t hurt my feelings anymore.” She had the strength she needed to count on if she failed.

She won. But making it in New York was just the beginning. It took her three more years to become an understudy (替角) at the Met. But waiting in the wings was fine with her. Finally, her time came. When the featured singer fell ill, Brown earned the chance to sing the lead role in Aida. And The New York Times described her performance as a great success. Angela Brown, who had prepared for 20 years, was an “overnight” successful singer at age 40.

21. The underlined words “Aretha Franklin” in Paragraph 3 probably refer to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. one of Virginia Zeani’s students      B. an unsuccessful singer  
C. another famous singer      D. an understudy at the Met

22. Which of the following sayings can best express the message of the passage?

- A. No pains, no gains.  
B. The early bird catches the worm.  
C. Never too old to learn, never too late to turn  
D. Nothing is impossible to a willing heart.

23. Which of the following words can best describe Angela Brown’s father?

- A. Helpful and confident.      B. Understanding and practical.  
C. Humorous and open-minded.      D. Strict and strong-willed.

#### B

When times get tough, we all look for ways to cut back. When we’re hungry, we eat at home instead of going out. We take buses instead of taxis. And we wear our old designer jeans just a few months longer. With college expenses at all-time highs, high school students are eager to do anything to cut the cost of a university education.

One cost-cutting proposal is to allow college students to get a bachelor’s degree in three years instead of four. Educational institutions have been actively exploring ways to make the learning process more

efficient. But there's a question: Would the quality of undergraduate education suffer? Few US universities have formally approved a "three-year degree" model.

I doubt that mainstream North American colleges will carry out a three-year curriculum any time soon. For one thing, most universities already allow highly qualified students to graduate early by testing out of certain classes and obtaining a number of college credits. In addition, at famous universities, the committee who determine which courses are required and which courses are electives are unlikely to suddenly "throw out" one quarter of the required credits. Professors will resist "diluting(稀释)" the quality of the education they offer.

In my opinion, a quality four-year education is always superior to a quality three-year education. A college education requires sufficient time for a student to become skilled in their major and do coursework in fields outside their major. It is not a good idea to water down education, any more than it's not a good idea to water down medicine. If we want to help students find their way through university, we should help them understand early on what knowledge and skills they need to have upon graduation. We should allow students to test out of as many courses as possible. We should give them a chance to earn money as interns(实习生) in meaningful part-time jobs that relate to their university studies, such as the five-year co-op program at Northeastern University.

24. Which of the following can be the best title?

- A. It's time to shorten the learning process
- B. Best learning takes place over time
- C. University education should be watered down
- D. College education calls for reform

25. In most US universities, \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. some excellent students can graduate ahead of time
- B. college students are offered the co-op program
- C. electives' credits make up one quarter of the required credits
- D. all students are required to finish four-year education before graduation

26. We can infer that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the author is a college professor
- B. the author considers the university education quality very important
- C. the author thinks the cost of a university education is too high for people to afford
- D. the author pays special attention to the all-round development of college students

27. The first paragraph serves as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. explanation
- B. definition
- C. comment
- D. introduction

C

I've written 14 movies. My characters smoke in many of them, and they look cool and glamorous doing it. Smoking was an integral (必需的) part of many of my screenplays because I was a heavy smoker. It was part of a bad-boy image I'd cultivated for a long time— smoking, drinking, partying, rock 'n' roll.

Smoking, I once believed, was every person's right. The second-hand smoke was non-existent problem invented by professional do-gooders. I put all these views into my plays.

Remembering all this, I find it hard to forgive myself. I have been an accomplice (帮凶) to the murders of untold numbers of human beings. I am admitting this only because I have made a deal with God. Spare me, I said, and I will try to stop others from committing the same crimes I did.

Eighteen months ago I was diagnosed with throat cancer, the result of a lifetime of smoking. I am alive but disabled. Much of my larynx (喉) is gone. I have some difficulty speaking; others have some difficulty understanding me.

I haven't smoked or drunk for 18 months now, though I still take it day by day and pray for help. I believe in prayer and exercise. I have walked five miles a day for a year, without missing even one day. Quitting smoking and drinking has taught me the hardest lesson I've ever learned about my own weakness; it has also given me the greatest affection and empathy(同感) for those still addicted.

I don't think smoking is every person's right anymore. I think smoking should be as illegal as heroin. I'm no longer such a bad boy. I go to church on Sunday. I'm desperate to see my four boys grow up. I want to do everything I can to undo the damage I have done with my own big-screen words and images.

Screen writers know, too, that some movie stars are more likely to play a part if they can smoke —because they are so addicted to smoking that they have difficulty stopping even during the shooting of a scene.

My hands are bloody; so are Hollywood's. My cancer has caused me to attempt to cleanse me. I don't wish my fate upon anyone in Hollywood, but I beg that Hollywood should stop putting it upon millions of others.

28. The main idea of this passage probably is \_\_\_\_\_.
- A.the writer is ashamed of the bad effects his screenplays have had on human beings
  - B.the writer's smoking experience nearly killed himself
  - C.the bad effects that Hollywood screenplay have brought to children
  - D.the determination of the writer to overcome his illness
29. How do you think the writer has realized his mistake?
- A.So many people have found the habit of smoking due to his plays.
  - B.His plays have brought great harm to teenagers.
  - C.He himself suffered greatly from smoking.
  - D.His screenplays have been doing more and more harm to human beings.
30. What is the writer determined to do in future?
- A.He has made up his mind to give up smoking forever.
  - B.He will try his best to prevent others from writing screen plays encouraging smoking.
  - C.He will try his best to bring up his four children.
  - D.He has decided to write his screenplays without smoking scenes.
31. It can be inferred from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_.
- A.the writer will soon be recovered from his illness thanks to his exercise
  - B.the writer will soon die because of his deadly disease
  - C.smoking will be got rid of in all Hollywood films
  - D.smoking in Hollywood films is still doing great harm to human beings

#### D

It's amazing how we grow from careless kids to responsible teens. What happens in the course that makes us responsible now? It's the seed that we sow (播种) in the beginning which grows and becomes a huge tree. As I sit here, silently thinking about my growth, I wonder over some questions which don't have an answer but it's because of such unanswerable situations that life has become a roller coaster ride.

As a kid, I used to read a lot of story books. In one particular book, I read a story of a bird. From then on, that has become an integral (必不可少的) part of my life. It described a male bird which takes a lot of pain to build a nest and the female bird takes shelter in it and nourishes (哺育) the baby. When the bird learns to fly, the whole family flies off to a different place leaving behind the beautiful nest for other birds to grow their family in it. It made me wonder. How could they so easily give up their house built with so much effort?

One night, when I was deep in sleep, I got this particular dream. I was walking miles on the endless road, completely separated but lined with beautiful trees on the either side. Fascinated by the greenery, I marched towards it only to end up deeper and deeper into the greenery. I happened to stop upon seeing something. It was a massive, wonderful house. I fell in love with that amazing part of art. Yeah, it was indeed a piece of art with every nook and corner touched artistically and lovingly. I don't know why I felt that it was done lovingly. Maybe because things turn out to be beautiful only when we put our love into it --- just like the food prepared by mom which tastes more delicious with her love.

I explored the house only to fall more in love with it. There was a sloping (斜的) roof which matched with the greenery around; the large central open courtyard reminded me of the activities that might have taken place there which felt lively even now when it is completely deserted. The small water body that kept the house cool added to the beauty of the house — of course, it was all dried up now. It's really wonderful how such things add life to the spaces which otherwise just become structures. Such liveliness and happening turns the house into a home. They say 'THE HOME IS WHERE THE HEART IS', but now I began to feel it. This is where my heart belongs. This is what I'm destined(注定的) to do.

When I woke up from the dream, I was clear about everything. I realized where that mile of walk was

intending me to lead. I realized what message my dream wanted to convey(传递) me. And years later, when finally my turn of choosing my destination came, I simply closed my eyes, held that book in my hand, pressed it against my chest and relived the dream. When I opened my eyes, I was sure what to do. I decided to choose the road — less traveled. Yes, I took up architecture as my profession because this is what I am destined to do. I wanted to do the same thing that the male bird in the story did, to take pain in building a beautiful house and let others stay in it. This is my dream come true and the happiness that I gain now from this profession is indescribable.

32. When the writer read the story of the bird, he probably felt \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. upset                      B. confused                      C. amazed                      D. amused
33. To the writer, “the seed that we sow in the beginning” (Paragraph 1) is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the house in his dream                      B. his mother's food  
C. the story of the bird                      D. his story books
34. In the writer's dream, what part of the house attracted him most?  
A. The greenery surrounding the house.  
B. The body of water that keeps the house cool  
C. The liveliness he sensed around the house.  
D. The fact that the house was very large.
35. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. how the writer finally becomes an honest citizen  
B. where the true meaning of responsibility lies  
C. what we need to do when we are seeking fortune  
D. why the writer takes up architecture as his career

## 第二节（共 5 小题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

When I was in high school and college, I went to fast food restaurants pretty often. Even until today, fast food is a popular choice among students. So, what makes fast food restaurants really popular year after year?

The food is not very expensive. \_\_\_36\_\_\_ So, it is good to get something tasty to eat and still have some money left for a movie later.

Nowadays, many fast food restaurants open till late nights. \_\_\_37\_\_\_ Most teenagers go there also because other boys and girls are there. It is fun to be there, as seen in fast food TV advertisements. It is cool.

\_\_\_38\_\_\_ You can just order fries or you can also mix and match with plenty of choices, such as coke with French fries, sundae with apple pies, salad with burgers. And managers there will not stare at you for reading there for hours if you just order French fries and a cup of coke.

\_\_\_39\_\_\_ They can have group discussions of school projects, small talk and even birthday celebrations.

You can try telling them some fast food is unhealthy, but I doubt if youngsters will listen. \_\_\_40\_\_\_ Some of them go to a fast restaurant every week. The food there is cheap, delicious, and served fast.

- A. Fast food does not have to be bad for you.  
B. Many teenagers do not have much money.  
C. Fast food is still popular with many of them.  
D. At fast food restaurants, you choose what you want.  
E. Today, fast food restaurants are offering healthier food.  
F. A fast food restaurant is a good place for some activities for teenagers.  
G. So, these places are comfortable and safe to hang out during late nights.

## 第三节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

课外阅读：根据《野性的呼唤》选择正确选项

41. After Curly lost her life, Buck knew there was no fair play in his new world. What did he mean by “fair play”?

- A. Play games with the fair rules                      B. Respect and treat each other in a decent way.

- C. Have equal conditions while applying for something. D. Fight against each other fairly.
42. What does Francois mean when he says: “ he’ll chew Spitz up and spit him out on the snow.”?
- A. Francois thinks Buck is ambitious and cruel.  
B. Francois thinks Buck is hungry.  
C. Francois thinks Buck will eventually defeat Spitz.  
D. Francois thinks Buck is no match for Spitz.
43. Buck wanted the fight for leadership to happen for the following reasons except\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. it was his nature B. he felt pride of the trail dog  
C. he was as strong, savage and cunning as the huskies D. he felt threatened by Spitz.
44. In what aspect was Buck the best after he took up duties of leadership?
- A. in hunting for food B. quick judgment and thinking  
C. in giving the law and making his mates live up to it D. in fighting with Huskies
45. The author’s purpose in telling this story is to \_\_\_\_\_
- A. reveal some people’s cruelty to animals  
B. remind us of the contribution of dogs in the exploitation of the north  
C. point out that dogs can also be good workers  
D. demonstrate how dogs, like humans, learn to adapt themselves to a new life

### 第三部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

#### 第一节 完形填空 (共20小题; 每小题1分, 满分20分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 ABCD 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I will always remember my first day at the University of Lagos. On arrival at the campus, I was expecting to be met by some tired students(as was practiced in my secondary school), 46 every student around was new like myself. I asked the way to the multi-purpose hall but no one could tell me. I asked a number of questions about issues that 47 me, such as where and how to pay my fees, the way to the dining hall and so on, but no 48 was offered. “So in the midst of so many people I am all 49.” I thought to myself. The prospect was not 50 at all and all the delight I had felt at gaining 51 into a famous university at seventeen began to disappear.

Then as if 52 by an unknown force, I walked a little bit down the corridor in the direction of a notice board at which some boys and girls were 53. Because of 54 of something to do, I decided to stop and look at the notice board. Yes! I happened on the 55 to all riddles that had 56 me since I set foot on the campus that morning. On the board there was a big campus 57, on which I was able to 58 the multi-purpose hall and all the other places. There were 59 details of various activities for freshmen and a comprehensive list of those offered admission into various courses.

How enjoyable it was to see the light of knowledge, having been wandering in the darkness of 60. Even then I was not able to 61 the thought that though I could not be sure how much of the responsibility was mine, the fact that not paying attention to the notice board had 62 contributed to my initial problems. I learnt from that incident an unforgettable 63 which was very useful to me throughout my stay in the university, namely the 64 of reading notice board and handbooks if one is to be well 65 about places and events in the university.

- |                   |               |               |               |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 46. A. but        | B. and        | C. so         | D. for        |
| 47. A. interested | B. bothered   | C. excited    | D. surprised  |
| 48. A. view       | B. advice     | C. method     | D. help       |
| 49. A. available  | B. accessible | C. alone      | D. afraid     |
| 50. A. helpful    | B. cheerful   | C. respectful | D. thoughtful |
| 51. A. entry      | B. insight    | C. popularity | D. welcome    |
| 52. A. persuaded  | B. reviewed   | C. offered    | D. driven     |
| 53. A. knocking   | B. throwing   | C. gazing     | D. shouting   |
| 54. A. lack       | B. dream      | C. rest       | D. desire     |
| 55. A. way        | B. key        | C. place      | D. door       |
| 56. A. inspired   | B. encouraged | C. puzzled    | D. frightened |

- |                  |               |                 |               |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 57. A. notice    | B. message    | C. signal       | D. map        |
| 58. A. list      | B. locate     | C. land         | D. load       |
| 59. A. also      | B. always     | C. only         | D. just       |
| 60. A. disbelief | B. ignorance  | C. appreciation | D. difference |
| 61. A. describe  | B. explain    | C. escape       | D. control    |
| 62. A. clearly   | B. nearly     | C. naturally    | D. relevantly |
| 63. A. secret    | B. knowledge  | C. experience   | D. lesson     |
| 64. A. cause     | B. importance | C. advantage    | D. example    |
| 65. A. educated  | B. warned     | C. concerned    | D. informed   |

## 第二节 单项填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分).

请认真阅读下面各题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

66. Every girl and every boy as well as some teachers who \_\_\_\_\_ to visit the museum \_\_\_\_\_ asked to be at the school gate before 6:30 in the morning.  
A. are; are                      B. is; is                      C. are; is                      D. is; are
67. \_\_\_\_\_ giving a general introduction to computer, the course also provides practical experience.  
A. In return for              B. Except for              C. Aside from              D. Due to
68. —Well, where did you spend your night that day?  
—At \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. where it is called Grand Hotel                      B. what is called Grand Hotel  
C. which is called Grand Hotel                      D. that is called Grand Hotel
69. It is reported that there are \_\_\_\_\_ employees in Department X as in Department Y.  
A. twice more than                      B. more than twice  
C. more than twice as many                      D. more than twice as much
70. Sometimes some young people call themselves “DiaoSi” to \_\_\_\_\_ themselves from the “tall, rich and handsome” and “white, rich and pretty” groups.  
A. differ                      B. distinguish                      C. preserve                      D. present
71. \_\_\_\_\_ disappointed us most was that the guide was always asking us to leave \_\_\_\_\_ we thought very interesting.  
A. It; where                      B. What; what                      C. What; where                      D. It; what
72. \_\_\_\_\_ by green mountains and located at the foot of LuShan Mountain makes it a famous tourist attraction.  
A. Surrounded                      B. Being surrounded                      C. Having been surrounded                      D. Surrounding
73. —Why did you promote him to a position of leadership?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ his qualifications and ideas.  
A. On behalf of                      B. Regardless of                      C. On the basis of                      D. In relation to
74. It is well-known that the Internet will let people have \_\_\_\_\_ to huge amounts of information from their own homes.  
A. entrance                      B. way                      C. means                      D. access
75. Traditionally, the Spring Festival usually lasts from the 23rd day of the twelfth month to the 15th day of the first month in the lunar calendar, \_\_\_\_\_, the New Year’s Eve and the first day of the New Year is the peak time.  
A. during which                      B. of which                      C. since when                      D. in that

## 第Ⅱ卷 (非选择题, 共 45 分)

### 第一节 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容(1 个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

In many countries, \_\_\_\_\_76\_\_\_\_\_ is not unusual for families of different backgrounds to live together in the shared space. \_\_\_\_\_77\_\_\_\_\_, in the United States, this idea may still be considered odd.

But this type of housing, \_\_\_\_\_78\_\_\_\_\_ (call) co-housing, is gaining \_\_\_\_\_79\_\_\_\_\_ (popular) in the United States, too. Co-housing complexes are popping up across the country. For many people, this way of life is a

\_\_\_80\_\_\_ (relieve) to the busy modern lifestyle. A co-housing community has \_\_\_81\_\_\_ (private) owned houses and shared land. There is often a “common house” with a kitchen and dining room, meeting room, and maybe a workshop of library or music room. About 25 co-housing communities \_\_\_82\_\_\_ (build) in recent years, and 150 more are planned.

A co-housing complex is a place \_\_\_83\_\_\_ residents shop, cook, and eat together. Residents of a co-housing complex like its sense of shared community. Children have other kids to play \_\_\_84\_\_\_, which many families like. Other residents like the feeling of living in a “village”. Residents also say that they can live in co-housing for \_\_\_85\_\_\_ money than they would pay for nearby apartments.

## 第二节 根据要求完成句子（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

I. 新概念考查：在空白处填入正确的单词。

86. Though Verrazano is by no means considered an explorer, his name will probably remain i \_\_\_\_\_.

87. Ashamed of having acted so rashly, Dimitri a \_\_\_\_\_ to Aleko for having accused him of stealing the sheep.

88. My nephew, George, pushed his right arm through the drain cover, and unfortunately he was firmly s \_\_\_\_\_ although a lady rubbed his arm with soap and butter.

89. When Mrs. Richards, dressed in the costume, walked towards the man, he fled, s \_\_\_\_\_ the door behind him.

90. The towers are built on immense underwater platforms made of steel and c \_\_\_\_\_.

II. 教材考查：根据首字母或中文提示填入合适的单词（注意其正确形式）

91. C \_\_\_\_\_ advertisements are sometimes charged with cheating customers out of their money.

92. At last, they came to the c \_\_\_\_\_ that he was not up to the job. （下结论）

93. Competition attracted more than 500 participants r \_\_\_\_\_ 8 different countries. (代表)

94. In the company, I am s \_\_\_\_\_ to him, which makes him a little envious. （职位高于）

95. In order to get the accurate result, we have to make an a \_\_\_\_\_ of these data.

## 第三节 书面表达（满分 20 分）

每位同学都希望自己具有良好的人际关系,成为班级中受欢迎的人。请你根据下表所提供的信息,写一篇题为“Being a Popular Student”的英语短文,参加学校网站英语论坛的讨论。

受人喜爱的 个性品质	对待集体	热心班级活动,具有团队精神,工作负责,……
	对待他人	尊重、关心他人,富有同情心,……
	对待自己	(请考生自己实际拟定内容,列举至少两点) ……

注意：1.对所给要点,逐一陈述,适当发挥,不要简单翻译。

2.词数 120 左右。开头已经写好,不计入总词数。

### Being a Popular Student

**We all hope to be popular with our classmates and teachers.** \_\_\_\_\_